



Embodying the Future: How to Improve the Nutrition Status of Adolescents?

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Non pregnant girls, 15-18 years underweight and overweight rates (%)





Jaacks, L. M., M. M. Slining, and Barry M. Popkin. "Recent trends in the prevalence of under-and overweight among adolescent girls in low-and middle-income countries." Pediatric obesity 10.6 (2015): 428-435. www.gainhealth.org

Many Recommended Actions to Improve Adolescent Nutrition: But they don't have an adolescent angle



Recommendations and actions	Who needs to take action?
Improve maternal nutrition and health	
Establish policies and strengthen interventions to ensure that pregnant and lactating adolescent mothers are adequately nourished	National policy makers, health service providers
Introduce measures to prevent adolescent pregnancy and to encourage pregnancy spacing	National policy makers, health service providers, education sector
Prevent and control anaemia	
Promote healthy and diversified diets containing adequate amounts of bioavailable iron	National policy makers, food and agriculture sectors, health and education sectors
Promote consumption of nutrient dense foods, especially foods rich in iron	National policy makers, health and education, food and agriculture sectors
Where necessary, implement supplementation strategies and consider fortification of wheat and maize flours with iron, folic acid, and other micronutrients in settings where these foods are major staples	National policy makers, food and agriculture sectors
Prevent and treat malaria in pregnant women as part of strategies to prevent and control anaemia	
Ensure universal access to and use of insecticide treated nets	National policy makers, health service providers, development partners

Nutrition and health in women, children, and adolescent girls. Branca F, Piwoz E, Schultink W, Sullivan LM. BMJ. 2015 Sep 14;351:h4173. doi: 10.1136/bmj.h4173. Review.

Impact on standardized height for age of 0-11 month old infants: mothers giving birth at age 15-17 years vs 18-24 years





doi:10.3402/gha.v9.31171.

Note: All effects significant at 10%, controlling for confounders

Under 18 marriage in GAIN focal countries





https://data.unicef.org/topic/child-protection/child-marriage/

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The Adolescent Nutrition Intervention Space is rich in....



...Challenges

... Opportunities

Bangladesh "There are currently no ongoing programs designed to solely address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls and/or boys in Bangladesh."

Indonesia "Adolescents commonly use smartphone apps to monitor their diet"

Source: Draft Landscape Analyses of Interventions to Address Adolescent Nutrition in Bangladesh and Indonesia, GAIN

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BRAC Adolescent Clubs: A platform for promoting healthy eating?





How can we capitalize on high levels of Social Media vulue among adolescents in Indonesia?



What percent of Unmarried Adolescent Girls 16-19 in Indonesia Use the Following



Indonesia Adolescent Nutrition Landscape Analysis: GAIN





Demand creation
for healthier
adolescent diets:
need to use left
and right side of
brain approaches

We need to stop Ghettoizing solutions to Adolescent Nutrition: Focus should not be only on girls 15-19





Conclusions

- Adolescents are not just future parents, they are future entrepreneurs, leaders, taste makers, change agents, trend setters
- There are plenty of programs targeted to adolescents, but none really designed by them, or even for them
- Boys matter, as do all 10-14 year olds: don't ghettoize
- There are opportunities, but to seize them we need to think like adolescents, and the best way to do that is to work with them
- Adolescents embody the future—literally and figuratively
- Never about them, without them





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